## BME-TUW at SR'20 <br> Lexical grammar induction for surface realization

Gábor Recski ${ }^{1}$, Ádám Kovács ${ }^{1,2}$, Kinga Gémes ${ }^{1,2}$, Judit Ács ${ }^{2}$, András Kornai ${ }^{3}$

```
            1 TU Wien
    firstname.lastname@tuwien.ac.at
    2}\mathrm{ Dept. of Automation and Applied Informatics, Budapest U of Technology
    lastname.firstname@aut.bme.hu
    3}\mathrm{ 3ZTTAKI Institute of Computer Science
        andras@kornai.com
```

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- Improves the grammar-based approach in Kovács et al. (2019)
- Still inferior to DL systems, but opens up new possibilities


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```
VERB -> _nsubj(VERB, NOUN)
[string] *(?2, ?1)
[ud] f_dep1(merge(merge(?1,"(r<root> :nsubj d1<dep1>)"),r_dep1(?2)))
```

Read: constructing the subgraph VERB $\xrightarrow{\text { nsubj }}$ NOUN corresponds to concatenation in the order NOUN VERB.

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| PRON | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | VERB | PRON | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | VERB | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | PRON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRON | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | enjoy | PRON | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | VERB | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | it |
| He | ${ }^{\text {nsubj }}$ | VERB | PRON | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | enjoy | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | PRON |
| He | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | enjoy | He | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | VERB | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | PRON |
| VERB | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | it | PRON | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | enjoy | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | it |
| VERB | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | PRON | He | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | VERB | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | it |
| enjoy | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | PRON | He | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | enjoy | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | PRON |
| enjoy | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | it | He | $\stackrel{\text { nsubj }}{ }$ | enjoy | $\xrightarrow{\text { obj }}$ | it |

For a head word with $N$ dependents, we enumerate $\sim 3^{N}$ subgraphs.

## Model statistics

| Lang | $N_{\text {patt }}$ | $D_{\max }$ | $\|V\|$ | $D_{\text {words }}$ | $N_{\text {tok }}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ar | 8.6 M | 4.8 | 14 K | 36.9 | 224 K |
| en | 29.8 M | 5.0 | 25 K | 17.6 | 352 K |
| es | 50.2 M | 5.5 | 48 K | 29.0 | 827 K |
| fr | 37.1 M | 5.7 | 34 K | 24.6 | 429 K |
| hi | 17.2 M | 5.5 | 15 K | 21.1 | 281 K |
| id | 7.0 M | 5.2 | 19 K | 21.8 | 98 K |
| ja | 14.5 M | 5.6 | 24 K | 22.5 | 160 K |
| ko | 8.6 M | 3.9 | 119 K | 12.9 | 353 K |
| pt | 27.2 M | 5.2 | 32 K | 25.7 | 462 K |
| ru | 41.6 M | 4.7 | 51 K | 18.0 | 946 K |
| zh | 14.8 M | 6.8 | 20 K | 24.7 | 99 K |

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- For each UD graph, we generate a separate IRTG
- For each subgraph, we add the most frequent rule
- Identical rule weights $\rightarrow$ grammars favor shorter derivations with more specific rules


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## Hierarchical SR

Cut UD graphs along edges between clauses: acl, advcl, ccomp, xcomp, conj.

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Perhaps had we not gone into this restaurant believing Zahav was going to be golden as its name suggests (and as the many golden reviews seem to attest), we would have enjoyed a decent little expensive experience.

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In a sample of 500 English sentences, we run 1794 iterations of the core method, and observe recursion depths up to 6 .

Perhaps had we not gone into this restaurant believing Zahav was going to be golden as its name suggests (and as the many golden reviews seem to attest), we would have enjoyed a decent little expensive experience.
gone $\xrightarrow{\text { advcl }}$ believing $\xrightarrow{\text { ccomp }}$ going $\xrightarrow{\text { xcomp }}$ golden $\xrightarrow{\text { advcl }}$ suggests $\xrightarrow{\text { conj }}$ seem $\xrightarrow{\text { advcl }}$ attest

## Evaluation

| Team | Meaning |  |  |  | Readability |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ewt |  | wiki |  | ewt |  | wiki |  |
|  | Ave. | Ave. z | Ave. | Ave. z | Ave. | Ave. z | Ave. | Ave. z |
| HUMAN |  |  |  |  | 75.7 | 0.417 | 87.4 | 0.592 |
| IMS | 92.7 | 0.534 | 92.3 | 0.475 | 73.9 | 0.374 | 82.1 | 0.383 |
| ADAPT | 90.7 | 0.476 | 91.6 | 0.441 | 72.5 | 0.320 | 81.5 | 0.373 |
| Concordia | 87.0 | 0.332 | 88.7 | 0.275 | 70.2 | 0.270 | 79.6 | 0.401 |
| BME 2020 | 79.3 | 0.086 | 81.8 | -0.050 | 58.2 | -0.152 | 60.8 | -0.299 |
| BME 2019 | 77.4 | 0.024 | 82.4 | -0.074 | 56.7 | -0.208 | 64.4 | -0.181 |

## Evaluation

|  | Meaning |  |  |  | Readability |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Data | BME 2020 |  |  | BME 2019 |  | BME 2020 |  | BME 2019 |  |
|  | Ave. | Ave. z | Ave. | Ave. z | Ave. | Ave. z | Ave. | Ave. z |  |
| en_ewt | 79.3 | 0.086 | 77.4 | 0.024 | 58.2 | -0.152 | 56.7 | -0.208 |  |
| en_wwiki | 81.8 | -0.050 | 82.4 | -0.074 | 60.8 | -0.299 | 64.4 | $-\mathbf{0 . 1 8 1}$ |  |
| ru_syn | 81.2 | -0.166 | 81.3 | -0.177 | 69.7 | -0.166 | 67.3 | -0.230 |  |
| ru_wiki | 78.2 | $-\mathbf{0 . 0 7 9}$ | 68.2 | -0.493 | 63.2 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 5 0}$ | 37.7 | -0.781 |  |
| es_ancora | 70.2 | -0.276 | 70.6 | -0.271 | 66.4 | -0.401 | 67.1 | -0.378 |  |
| es_wiki | 69.8 | $\mathbf{0 . 1 7 0}$ | 55.5 | -0.726 | 77.2 | $\mathbf{0 . 0 1 5}$ | 62.2 | -0.628 |  |

## Plans

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- Use ‘unlimited’ silver standard UD data


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- Learn rule weights


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- Use ‘unlimited’ silver standard UD data
- Learn rule weights
- Qualitative analysis of performance gap


## Software

All components of our system are free and open source:

| Component | URL | License |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Word order restoration | github.com/adaamko/surface_realization | MIT |
| Reinflection | github.com/juditacs/deep-morphology | MIT |
| IRTG generation | github.com/recski/tuw-nlp | MIT |
| IRTG parsing | github.com/coli-saar/alto | Apache 2.0 |

## Thank you!

Courcelle, Bruno and Joost Engelfriet (2012). Graph structure and monadic second-order logic. Cambridge University Press.
Koller, Alexander (2015). "Semantic construction with graph grammars". In: Proceedings of the 14th International Conference on Computational Semantics (IWCS). London.
Koller, Alexander and Marco Kuhlmann (2011). "A generalized view on parsing and translation". In: Proceedings of the 12th International Conference on Parsing Technologies (IWPT). Dublin.
Kovács, Ádám, Evelin Ács, Judit Ács, András Kornai, and Gábor Recski (2019). "BME-UW at SRST-2019: Surface realization with Interpreted Regular Tree Grammars". In: Proceedings of the 2nd Workshop on Multilingual Surface Realisation (MSR 2019). Hong Kong, China: Association for Computational Linguistics, pp. 35-40. DOI: 10.18653/v1/D19-6304.

